December 2019 Tone of Voice Guidelines

Contents

Introduction	5
1. Finding our voice	
A distinctive voice	5
Our voice marks	6
2. Putting it together	
Writing something? Essentials to guide you.	8
Using our name	g
Your top 10 essentials	10
3. Getting it right	
Applying the Tone of Voice to your writing	12
Printed brochures	13
Collection item listings	17
Blog and feature articles	19
Invitations	20
Signage	2
Press releases and long-form documents	22
Exhibition labels and panels	23
e-Newsletters	24
Social media	25
Need help or quidence?	26

Introduction

Welcome to the Australian National Maritime Museum tone of voice guidelines.

As part of the team, you know how exciting and fascinating the sea can be. Your job is to help us evoke the same sense of wonder through our communications, helping to create a brand that's consistently inspiring, engages audiences, and effectively shares our stories with the world.

These guidelines are designed to help your writing bring our brand to life in inspiring and creative ways.

Writing something and have questions?
Contact the marketing team for help!
Email <u>brand@sea.museum</u> and we'll be happy to guide you.



Finding our voice

The brand's tone of voice is a reflection of our personality that comes through in the messages we communicate and in the content of our language. It helps to humanise the brand and remind our audiences of the passionate people behind the museum.

We've created a tone of voice framework that is anchored in our four brand pillars to ensure the dynamic nature of the Explorer personality always comes through.

The four short voice marks will help you express the spirit of the museum brand and work as a useful checklist when judging whether something is on-tone.

The voice marks also help our tone of voice to have flexibility and work across different audience segments, from the more formal needed to address government stakeholders to the sense of fun and playfulness that inspires our family audiences.

Use the museum's tone of voice well and consistently, and our brand won't just look distinctive, it will sound distinctive too.

A distinctive voice

Our voice marks

Immersive

Shine a light

By shining a light on a subject we invite people to engage with a subject and interpret it in their own unique way.

Surprising

Make a splash

Awaken curiosity and provoke thought with challenging ideas and questions.

Authentic

Anchor in truth

Sound natural when you speak.
Feel free to express your passion and demonstrate why the subject you're writing about is so special.
Credibility builds trust.

Personal

Get up close

Sound warm and human, not corporate and one dimensional, and don't write to impress but to engage and help.



Writing something? Essentials to guide you.

No matter who your audience is, what platform you're using, or whether you're writing something long or short form, these guidelines should be always be applied.

Less is more

- Can a great image replace lots of words?
 Do you really need two sentences to say what you want to express?
- Be informative and friendly.
- Keep it simple don't overexplain.

Use descriptive verbs and sensory adjectives

 Focus on an experience – it's not about the vessel, it's about the experience you can have on the vessel.
 For example, 'jump on board and explore the submarine'.

Don't presume

- Your reader might have no idea about the museum, who we are, what we do, or what you're talking about.
- Look back at what you've written as if you're a person outside the museum, who is looking at the copy with fresh eyes. Would they think 'wow, I learned something!'?
- Who is your audience? Why would they be interested in what you're trying to say? Would this interest you if you didn't work here?

Be conversational

- Write as if you're speaking to someone directly, just as you would in a conversation.
- Use present tense to bring immediacy to your words.
- Use first or second person.
- Contract your words, like you would in a conversation. eg. 'you'll' instead of 'you will'.
- Speak to a person, rather than a general 'crowd'. This will help focus your point.

Use a contemporary and friendly tone

- How would you speak about this to a friend? Tone should be 'I've just discovered this great thing, and can't wait to tell you about it!' or 'look at this fascinating thing'.
- Be relaxed and friendly (where appropriate).
- Sound natural: use everyday language.

Tell a story

- Don't just list a lot of facts. Craft your language as if you were sharing an idea with someone.
- Make the complex simple. 'How would I explain this to someone from outside this field?'. This doesn't mean 'dumbing down' your message, but avoiding overcomplicating your subject.
- Find the human interest angle as a way in.

Ask questions

Create a direct dialogue with your reader.
 'Did you know that the Maritime Museum has a strong focus on sustainability?'

Don't use jargon

- Jargon or acronyms might make sense to you, but could be very confusing to your reader.
- Write to engage, rather than using cold academic-speak.
- Show/engage, don't 'tell'.
- Don't bombard people with information.

Be the authority on your subject

- Check your facts.
- Credibility builds trust.

Highlight the unique

- Where else in the city can you climb on board a submarine?

Writing for an international audience?

- Don't trust Google Translate! Use a professional interpreter.
- Tailor to your audience.
- Consider cultural nuances. For example, Japanese audiences might expect a more reserved/polite tone. A more familiar/informal tone works better for Australian audiences.

Using our name

Here are some important tips for writing our name – whether you're crafting a long or short-form piece of communication.

Is your audience formal?

Who

- Government
- Stakeholders
- Dignitaries
- Media
- Partners
- Academics
- International

What

- Formal documents
- Reports
- Academic research
- Press releases
- Speeches
- Presentations
- Powerpoints

How

Australian National Maritime Museum

Example

'The Australian National Maritime Museum announced today...'

Is your audience informal?

Who

- Consumers
- Employees

What

- Verbal
- Internal emails
- Signage

How

Maritime Museum

Example

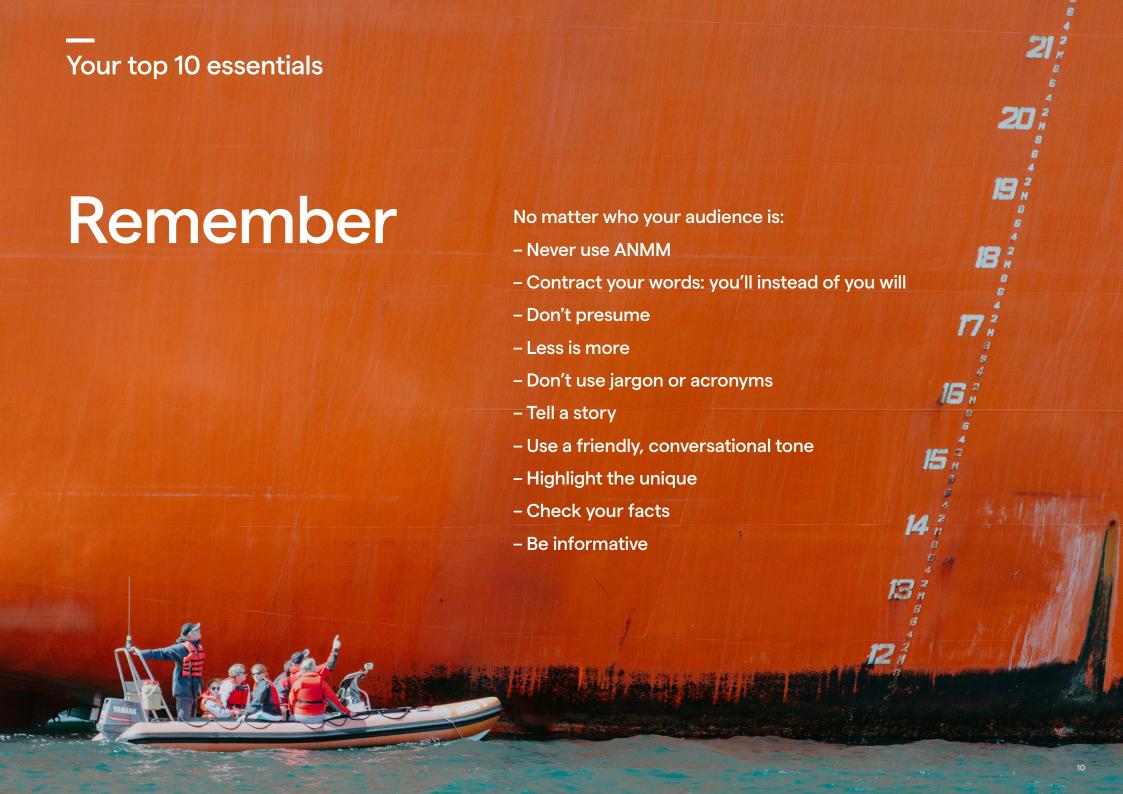
'I saw this great new thing at the Maritime Museum last week...'

Some do's and don'ts

- NEVER use ANMM.
- Never 'say' or write MuSEAum
 it's a symbol only.
- Don't refer to us as 'museum of the sea'. We are the Maritime Museum.

What about our logo?

Our logo is the visual expression of our brand and should appear on all communications and collateral.





Applying the Tone of Voice to your writing

Are you writing any of the below? This guide will help you no matter who your audience is (formal or informal, internal or external) or what form your communication takes – long or short form, digital or printed as well as presentations and powerpoints.

Our visual identity is bold and contemporary and so is our tone of voice.

The areas covered are:

- Printed brochures
- Collection item listings
- Publications
- Blog posts
- Invitations
- Signage
- Exhibition labels and panels
- Press releases and long-form documents
- e-Newletters
- Social media

We are energetic and spirited, vibrant, personal and friendly.



- 1 This copy is unnecessarily wordy and talks to the visitor in the third person.
- This doesn't sound very exciting.
- 3 Not a selling point.
- What does 'new interpretation' mean to a visitor?
- 5 Dull images are dull.



- 1 This copy is conversational and highlights our uniqueness.
- 2 Active language that puts people 'inside' the experience.
- 3 Exciting!
- 4 Hands-on, immersive and authentic you can touch things!
- 5 The image helps to tell the story.



1 This explains what the James Craig used to do, but isn't a very exciting reason for people now to want to visit. How could this be reframed to present an intriguing story? How would you excite a friend to want to visit?



- Pull people in with stories.
- Conversational tone. Wow! Facts to share.
- 3 Active language.
- 4 Don't miss!! Then tells a story pulls people in, sparks interest and curiosity.

This copy immediately puts you inside the museum space – 'look up'. It tells some of the story – it doesn't assume people know what 'ghost nets' are. Listing all the things people can see inspires curiosity ('what will I discover when I look up and around?'), and also talks about conservation and marine health – topics that are very 'on brand' for the museum, but also topical for visitors.

- 1 Active language, call to action "look up!"
- 2 We are about ALL stories of the sea, not just navy and tall ships.
- 3 Ocean health is very on brand and topical for visitors.
- People love free "come and visit! There are cool things to see! That won't cost you \$\$\$".



This copy is full of 'active' words, and terms to spark curiosity. We're excited to share with our visitors WHY they'll have a great experience: "we love exploring the ocean so much..." "grab the controls". It's very handson and not 'museum-y'. Consider your audience.

- 1 Active, visual language. Puts the reader in the space.
- 2 Sharing excitement is contagious!
- 3 You are joining in WITH us, taking part in adventure.
- 4 Appeals to kids love of tech and sharing.
- Get involved, not just 'look at things'.
- Spark curiosity and inquisitiveness.
- 7 Ask questions.
- 8 Adds a 'mystery' element 'what will you discover'?



Collection item listings

Standard collection item description

Just the facts!



Description

This poster advertises a Ladies Swimming Gala on August 27 featuring Beatrice Kerr. A picture of Beatrice Kerr diving into the ocean is displayed in the centre of the poster.

Beatrice Maude Kerr (like rival Annette Kellerman and contemporaries Fanny Durak and Mina Wylie) was an exemplar of the fit modern woman in the early 1900s at a time when physical culture movement was just being established. Kerr had a fastest swimming time of 1 minute 21.4 seconds for the 100 yds (91.4 m) and 27.5 minutes for the mile (1.6 km). Although Kerr did not hold world records or swim at the Olympics like Fanny Durak and Mina Wylie she was highly regarded as a swimmer and entertainer and inspired many young women to take to the water.

How to use the facts to craft a story

Writing a blog, exhibition label, signage or other document? Here's how you can take the facts from a collection item's listing, and use it as a basis for telling a story to draw in the reader.



- A vibrant, illustrated poster promoting the appearance of Miss Beatrice Kerr, world-class swimmer and entertainer, at the upcoming Ladies Gala (c 1906).
- Beatrice Kerr performed fantastic feats of diving and swimming for the crowds of Edwardian England. She showcased a new and novel form of entertainment from Australian shores: swimming for fitness and pleasure. Her vaudeville-style aquatic performances thrilled crowds from

London to Blackpool.

- 1 Introductory sentence still describes the poster, but gives a more personal interpretation.
- Edwardian England is a time-period people are particularly fascinated with - this helps to draw people's interest.
- 3 A few extra words add drama, evoke an experience and generate interest in the item's history.



Publications

While the content of the annual report and Signals will by nature often need to be quite formal and wordy, presenting it in a vibrant way shows our personality.

The use of a conversational pull quote and/or extracts plus striking imagery reflect the brand's new tone.



As with other national cultural institutions, staffing-related costs are a major expense. I am delighted to report that a new People and Culture Strategic Plan was approved this year and is being implemented, including executive leadership and staff development programs, more flexibility in working arrangements, enhanced communication and the

rebrand. This year's record-breaking visitation results indicate that onsite and offsite, we are offering products that resonate with our visitors in Sydney, throughout Australia and abroad. Total visitation to the museum, onsite and offsite, was more than 2.1M in 2018-19. This was 26.5% ahead of target and result was very strong onsite and offsite visitation result was very strong onsate and offsite visitation arising from several years of strategic planning and investment in diverse exhibitions and programs. This year I will highlight three areas in which we have excelled and that we will continue to prioritise

'It's really good to think about the history we have been taught and how much of it is actually fair'

Photographic works by Michael Cook, Daily Liberal, 25 August 2018

As with other national cultural institutions, staffing-related costs are major expense I am delighted to report that a new Propise and Cultural Implemented, including executive leadership and extra development programs, more flexibility in working arrangementer, shanced communication and the establishment of a staff social clot called Mconnect Saff parcity prices in the sexual APS Census and the establishment of a staff social clot called Mconnect Saff parcity prices in the sexual APS Census and the establishment of a staff social clot called Mconnect Saff parcity prices in the sexual APS Census and the establishment of a staff social clot called Mconnect Saff parcity prices in the sexual APS Census and the establishment of a staff social clot called Mconnect Saff parcity prices in the sexual APS Census and the establishment of a staff social clot called Mconnect Saff parcity prices in the sexual APS Census and the establishment of a staff social clot called Mconnect Saff parcity prices in the sexual APS Census and the establishment of a staff social clot called Mconnect Saff parcity prices in the sexual APS Census and the establishment of a staff social clot called Mconnect Saff parcity prices in the sexual APS Census and the establishment of a staff social clot called Mconnect Saff parcity prices in the sexual APS Census and the establishment of a staff social clot called Mconnect Saff parcity prices in the sexual APS Census and the establishment of a staff social clot called Mconnect Saff parcity prices and the sexual APS Census and the establishment of a staff social clot called Mconnect Saff parcity prices and the sexual APS Census and the establishment of a staff social clot called Mconnect Saff parcity prices and the sexual APS Census and the establishment of a staff social called Mconnect Saff parcity prices and the sexual APS Census and the sexual A

commitments.
This year the Council established its first Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Advisory Committee. Chaired by Councillor Alison Page, this committee Chaines of Journacy Aison Pág. troil scormittee will provide expert advice on the collection, interpretation and schibblion of historical material in relation to Aboriginal and Tores Strait Usander peoples, on policies, programs, publications and events of significance to Aboriginal and Tores Strait Islander peoples, on the content of significance to the company of the museum's account of the museum's content of the museum's content of the company of t

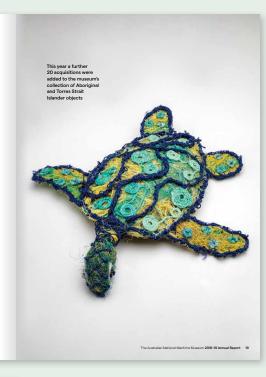
This year! will highlight three areas in which we are excelled and that we will continue to prioritise — Indigenous maritime heritage, migration, and ocean science and technology.

The museum's collection of Aboriginal and Torres critical slander objects has been growing steadily over the last five years. The year a further 20 objects were

the last five years. This year a further 20 objects were captured, valued at \$34,000. We achieved significant milestones in terms of exhibiting our Aboriginal and Torres Strate Islander collection this year. Of particular notes were the arrival of the strate of the property of the strate of the condition of the strate of the condition of the national to the museum floyer, and the conclusion of the national to our of our enhibition Indiscovered — Photographic works by Michael Cook at the Western Plains Cultural Centre in Dubbo.

Centries in Dubbo.

In the 2017-18 annual report, I detertified
Gapu-Housk Softwater – purrays to Sec Country
as my personal Psigliky of the year. This groundbreaking whibition told how the Yoliya people of
north—east Anneal and forgist for and we to the Soft
people of the Country of the Soft of the Soft
Paintings of Sea Country I am very proud to report
that this eshibition received international ricids
accisin, winning the International Project of the Year
(Ses than £11) at 16—2019 Macessers — Heritrage
Awards in London and the 2018 international Design
Accident March Andre for the Structure of Communications Awards for the Structure of Communications of Com





complicated – and at times divisive – event, the museum is developing a series of









In the past, Cook's arrival was used as a starting point for 'Australian History'.

An opporturity to go deeper
One of the most important developments emerging from the
implementation of the Australian curriculum is the introduction
of the cross-curriculum and the introduction
of the cross-curriculum introduction of the crosscurriculum and the introduction of the introd



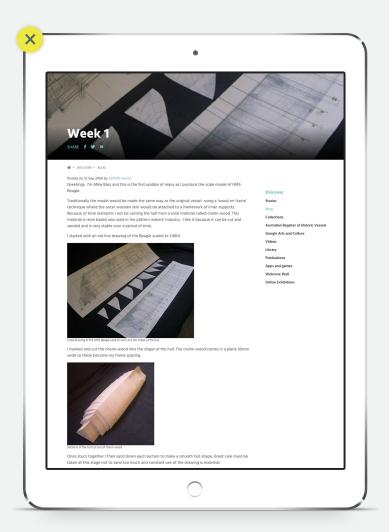
A complicated legacy It's Goar that James Cook has a complex legacy in Australia. Recent debates surrounding the appropriateness of Euro-centric monuments, and the 2017 griffle lift on Cook's statule in Sydnoy's Hyde Park - 'change the date' and 'no pride in genood's clearly illustrate just how close Cook is to the frost line of Australia's history wars. Cultural heritage and geographical location (Cook in of lease internet to Hose on Australia's weet

James Cook was more than just a navigator ... In Australian history, the character of Captain Cook has came to symbolise colonisation and dispossession; more so than Arthur Phillip and the First Floet.

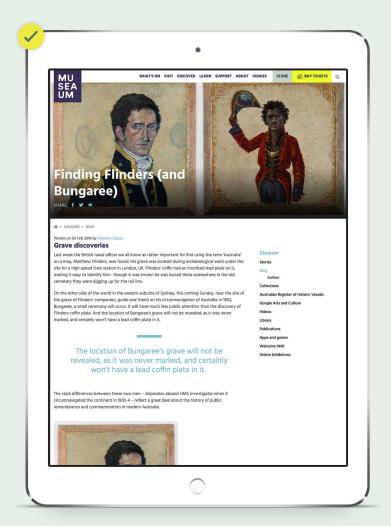
As such, any examination of Cook and his actions must take into account not only the View from the ship, but also the View from the shore? – a 'fuel perspectives' approach that has very deliberately been taken in the development of the museum's Encounters 2020 program.

with a PHIX Meanure paragraphic concentration, and in magney. The manking of 250 years since Cook's with to Australian shores is an excellent opportunity to reviet the legacy of Cook the explorer, neighbor and adventure, and brings with it the opportunity to foster critical thinking among students about the discovery discreting that has surrounded thin fire is a long, the discretion that has an anomation that in the solong with the contraction of the contraction o

Blog and feature articles



- This is a perfect example of how not to write a blog (or any content you want to engage people with!)
- The title is dull and doesn't describe what the content is about.
- The tone is incredibly dry: 'I am telling you about ...' rather than 'here's an interesting story'.
- There's no context, and presumption of prior knowledge.



- This is an excellent example of how to write a compelling blog.
- It's timely and topical and talks about a recent discovery with a mystery element to draw people in.
- It gives a personal and authentic perspective one that people might not have considered before.

Invitations



- There is way too much text in a cluttered layout and the format is unsuitable for viewing in email.
- The writing style is too formal and refers to the recipient in the third person.
- The amount of information is unecessary for an invitation.



- A fun image and bright colours captures the essence of the event.
- Addresses the recipient directly: "you and your family...".
- Features the highlights of the day without bombarding the reader with information.
- Horizontal aspect ratio works better for viewing on a computer screen.

Signage



- The text on this banner is full of interesting facts but wouldn't inspire a passer-by to stop and read.
- The image is not capivating.



- Why not display the text as an infographic?
- This breaks the information down into small, easy to read chunks.
- A brightly coloured background catches the eye and is preferable to using a poor image.

Press releases and long-form documents



MEDIA RELEASE

Escape from Pompeii - the untold Roman rescue

New international exhibition opening March 2017 at the Australian National Maritime Museum

A new international exhibition coming to Sydney in 2017 will reveal the untold story of the dramatic rescue attempt following one of history's most famous and devastating natural disasters – the eruption of Mt Vesuvius and the destruction of Pompeii in 79 AD.

While many know of the tragic eruption that buried the cities of Pompeii and Herculaneum under huge waves of volcanic ash and debris, preserving them and their residents for 2000 years, very few would know that the Roman navy attempted to evacuate people affected by the eruption or its important role in the success of the Roman Empire.

Told through the words of the Roman Navy's commander of the fleet Pliny the Elder and his nephew, Roman politician and author Pliny the Younger who witnessed the event and created the only surviving firsthand account of the disaster, the exhibition brings to Australia rare artefacts from Pompeii, Herculaneum and from sites around the Bay of Naples.

It also draws on the collections of some of Italy's leading institutions, including Museo Archaeologico Nazionale in Naples, Soprintendenza Archeologica di Pompei, Soprintendenza del Mare, to tell the fascinating story of the Roman Navy and its evacuation attempt.

Visitors will see a rostrum (used to ram other vessels) from a Roman warship recovered from the site of a famous sea battle, reliefs celebrating Rome's naval

victories, and objects that reflect the results of its control of the seas which show how by 79 AD the entire Mediterranean Sea was under the control of one state – Rome – for the first and only time in history.

Established on a permanent basis by the first emperor of Rome, Augustus, the Roman Navy dominated the Mediterranean, guaranteeing the safe movement of goods, people and ideas and creating a maritime trade boom not seen again for a thousand years.

Pliny the Elder was the commander of the Roman naval base across the Bay of Naples at Misenum. Interestingly, the 55-year-old philosopher had no naval experience but was in charge of the largest and most important fleet in the Roman Empire at the time of the eruption. On 24 August 79 AD, as Mt Vesuvius exploded, spewing ash and pumice into the air, Pliny received a desperate message for help from a friend whose villa was at the foot of the mountain. He immediately sent out his largest warships, endangering himself and his crew, to rescue as many people as possible.

Through the words of his nephew, Pliny the Younger, who was staying with his uncle at the time of the eruption alongside a short 3D film experience, visitors will experience the formidable force of the volcano which destroyed Pompeii and Herculaneum, and tragically took the life of rescuer Pliny the Elder.

Visitors will also see everyday objects recovered from Pompeii thousands of years later, including

- 1 Passive language doesn't draw you in.
- 2 "Visitors will see..." Very passive language, we want to put people inside the experience.
- Why is this interesting? There is way too much exposition here. Even in a longer-form piece, you can still get to the point without uneccessary sentences or words.
- 4 This sentence structure doesn't flow, and is using passive language. It not only doesn't get to the point, but could be made much more enticing. What angle can you use to sell your argument or use to persuade?



3

MEDIA RELEASE

International Project of the Year: Australian National Maritime Museum's Gapu-Monuk Saltwater: Journey to Sea Country wins at Museums + Heritage Awards

The Museum would like to acknowledge and thank the Yolnu people of North East Arnhem Land for allowing us to host their stories, inspired by the leadership of Traditional Yolngu custodian Djambawa Marawili AM.

The Australian National Maritime Museum's Gapu-Monuk Saltwater: Journey to Sea Country has won International Project of the Year with a budget of less than £1m at the Museums + Heritage Awards in London overnight – one of the most prestigious international museum awards in the world.

The exhibition documents the Yolnu people of northeast Arnhem Land's fight for recognition of Indigenous Sea Rights and the Blue Mud Bay Legal Case, and was designed, curated, executed and even marketed by Indigenous people in an example of holistic community engagement.

It is a display of up to 40 Yirrkala Bark Paintings of Sea Country (also known as the Saltwater Bark Collection) by 47 Yolnu artists from fifteen clans and eighteen homeland communities in east Arnhem Land who petitioned for sea rights. The works were initiated by Madarrpa clan leader Djambawa Marawili in 1997 to document ownership of Sea Country, following the discovery of illegal fishing on a sacred site in his clan estate. As Djambawa says, the paintings are more than just beautiful artworks; they are spiritual and legal documents.

Some of the paintings in the exhibition were used as evidence in a legal case in the High Court of Australia which confirmed, in July 2008, that traditional owners of the Blue Mud Bay region in notrh-east Arnhem Land, together with traditional owners of almost the entire Northern Territory coastline, have exclusive access rights to tidal waters overlying Aboriginal land.

The 2008 landmark ruling by the High Court gave traditional owners the rights to manage their oceans and waterways.

"We are really proud that the exhibition was completely led by Indigenous community – the curation, design, the marketing agency and video producers were all Indigenous," comments Beau James, Co-curator, Manager Indigenous Programs, Australian National Maritime Museum.

"We are putting Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander voices first and foremost, when curating First Peoples stories," adds Helen Anu, Co-curator, Curator First Peoples Projects, Australian National Maritime Museum.

"I consider this to be one of the most important exhibitions in the Museum's history......" comments Kevin Sumption, Director, Australian National Maritime Museum.

- Using the words of the artist immediately brings the story to life and engages a reaction.
- 2 Facts without being longwinded give context.
- "we are really proud" gives personality, uses emotion, makes the reader consider WHY you are proud. Promotes a shared experience.
- Quoting people from the museum allows readers to connect with us on a personal level.
- "we are putting Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander voices first" literally invoking storytelling and how personal it is to us is very authentic. Highlights our uniqueness.

Exhibition labels and panels

Jon Sanders AO OBE CITWA

Jon Sanders is one of Australia's most decorated offshore sailors. Sanders was the first sailor to circumnavigate Antarctica and the first to complete two consecutive solo non-stop circumnavigations.

ASSESSMENT PANEL





Visionary



Lifetime Achievement

Jon Sanders completed the longest non-stop, solo voyage in 1988 after 658 days at sea. He travelled more than 70,000 nautical miles, and became the first person to complete three consecutive non-stop, unassisted circumnavigations of the planet. Jon was the first man to circumnavigate Antarctica solo in 1981-82, circling the continent twice. These feats add to a long and impressive list of single-handed sailing records Jon has achieved.



- 1 This copy is very fact-based rather than telling a story about his amazing achievements.
- 2 The language is very passive.



Sailing with Cook

Earning the respect of James Cook is one thing.

William Bligh's potential was recognised early, when, at 22, he was appointed master of HMS Resolution by Captain Cook for his third voyage to the Pacific. To be selected by Cook at such a young age was a remarkable achievement.

Bligh excelled at chart making and proved himself during the voyage.
The opportunity would have launched his career, had it not been for the unfortunate death of Cook in Hawaii. Bligh played a major role in returning the expedition safely to England.

Sailing with Cook.

Earning it from an entire crew is another.

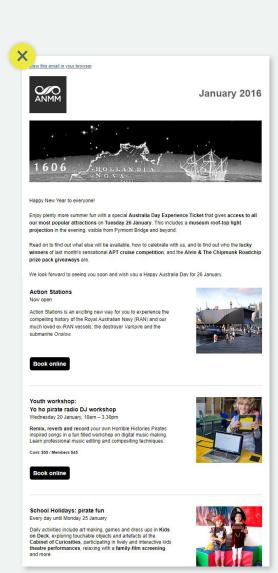
William Bligh was relatively inexperienced when, at 22, he was appointed master of HMS Resolution by Captain Cook for his third voyage to the Pacific. Why Cook chose Bligh is something of a mystery.

Cook provided Bligh with many opportunities for honing his surveying skills, but Bligh's self-esteem and bitter personality won him few friends aboard the ship. His career opportunities largely evaporated after the voyage.

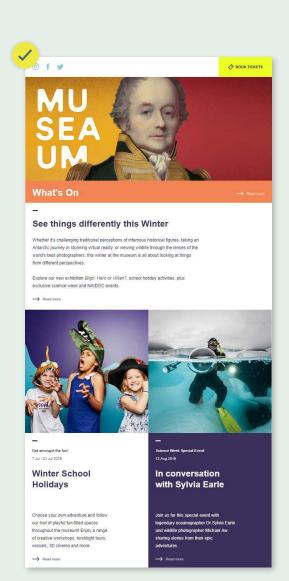
This tells part of Cook's story with facts but also using very descriptive language, a conversational tone and presents him from different viewpoints that are designed to get visitors thinking!

e-Newletters

- The hero image is not very enticing.
- The text is way too long and the images are very small.
- It's very 'here's a list of things', not 'we're excited about these things happening at the museum'.



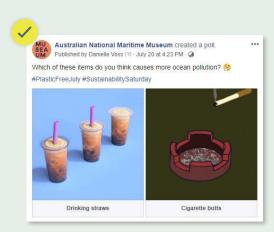
- The imagery and colours are much bolder and pulls you into the experience.
- There's less copy, but it's snappier and has personality.



Social media

Facebook

While you might not be posting content to the museum's social media platforms, these examples help give a visual reference for what's considered on brand and good tone of voice. Pictures can say more than words. Be concise, conversational, appropriate to the content being shared.





Polls are great conversation starters.
 These examples use a very topical question (ocean pollution) and bright gifs to draw user's attention.
 We're engaging visitors into a larger conversation, and it fits in with our sustainability/ocean science focus.



 Bright colours show off our location beautifully and minimal copy lets the image do the talking. 'We hope you had a great one' is friendly, conversational and approachable.

Social media

Instagram

While you might not be posting content to the museum's social media platforms, these examples help give a visual reference for what's considered on brand and good tone of voice. Pictures can say more than words. Be concise, conversational, appropriate to the content being shared.



 The use of user generated content puts visitors right into experiencing the museum. The bright colours and unusual point of view is very on brand.

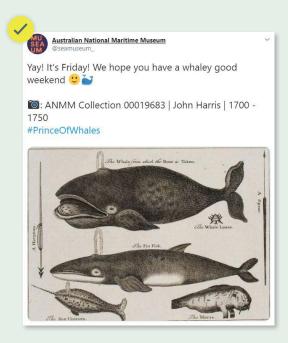


 Although black and white, this image has the playfulness of the new brand, and showcases the museum's collection in a fun way (also everyone loves puppies!)

Social media

Twitter

While you might not be posting content to the museum's social media platforms, these examples help give a visual reference for what's considered on brand and good tone of voice. Pictures can say more than words. Be concise, conversational, appropriate to the content being shared.



 Timely, this is jumping on a trending topic, and sharing the collection with a sense of humour.



 Asks a question, uses bright imagery to talk about an experience visitors will have – using the underwater drones.

Need help or guidance?

Are you working on a document, presentation, signage or something else that needs help with tone of voice or process? Are you still using legacy template documents that feature our old name, acronym or URLs?

Contact the marketing team for help!

Email <u>brand@sea.museum</u> and we'll be happy to guide you.

Documents to access the museum's new logos, brand guidelines, letterhead, powerpoint template and briefing templates can be found on the intranet:

http://ondeck.anmm.gov.au/docs/branding/Pages/Home.aspx

If you would like to know anything more about the museum brand or visual identity please contact:

Marketing brand@sea.museum +61 2 9298 3777